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June 16, 2010

Via Facsimile 202.219.3923, E-Mail and UPS Next-Day Air

Ms. Thomasenia Duncan, Rsq. Mr. Jeff S. Jordan, Esq. General Communi's Office Federal Election Commission 999 E Street, NW Washington, DC 20463

Re: Response of Robert Thompson

MUR 6276

Dear Ms. Duncas, and Mr. Jordan:

Introductory Matters

On April 20, 2010, the Federal Election Commission ("FBC") received a complaint filed by the chair of the Democratic Party, Mark Brewer ("Complaint"). The Complaint listed as respondents the Michigan Republican Party, the Republican National Committee, their respective chairs, and various individuals (collectively, "Respondents"), including Robert Thompson ("Mr. Thompson"). This response is filed solely on behalf of Mr. Thompson. Mr. Thompson received a copy of the Complaint on May 7, 2010, and by letter dated May 14, 2010, he was granted an extension to and including Jame 15, 2010, in which to respond.

The Complaint alleges that Mr. Therepenn (and taking contributors) "knowingly man willfully sinked the PECA by making contributions which exceed the limits set family in the PECA." (Complaint at p. 1.) The Complaint is based on a single report from the Daily Caller, an Internet-based news and opinion website, published on April 7, 2010. The Daily Caller report, in turn, is attributed solely to statements allegedly made by one anonymous "former RNC official" to a Daily Caller reporter. The contributions and transfers referenced in the Daily Caller piece are lawful transactions; the remaining allegations consist solely of speculative accusations by an unparted source and unsatisfantiated statements by the Daily Caller.

The Constitut Should Be Stanzarily Dismissed

The Complaint does not satisfy the Complaints minimum standards for making a "reason to balicue" or "RTD" finding, and it should be manuscrily dismissed. The standards for summary dismissal are well-established. "Complaints not based upon personal knowledge must identify a source of information that reasonably gives rise to a belief in the truth of the

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allegations presented Unwarranted legal conclusions from asserted facts . . . or mere spanishing . . . will not be accepted as true." Statement of Reasons of Commissioners Mason, Sandstrom, Smith, and Thomas in MUR 4960 at pp. 1-2 (Hillary Rodham Clinton for U.S. Senate Exploratory Committee, Inc.) (December 21, 2000) (citations omitted). See also Statement of Reasons of Commissioners Mason, Sandstrom, McDonald, Smith, Thomas and Wolf in MUR 5141 at p. 2 (Moran) ("Unless basel on a complainant's personal knowledge, a source of influentiett reasonably giving rise to a belief in the truth of the allegations must be identified.") (citations emitted). Put another way, "[time RTB standard dues not pusmit a complainant to present mere allegations that the fact has been significant and exquest that the Commission undertake an investigation to determine whether these are facts to explant the charges. . . . The Commission must have more than anonymous suppositions, unswern statements, and unsurveyed questions before it can unto to find RTB and thereby commence an investigation." Statement of Reasons of Commissioners Petersen, Hunter, and McGahn in MUR 6056 at p. 6 n. 12 (Protect Colorado Jobs Inc.) (June 2, 2009).

The Complaint is prelimented on anonymous suppressions and it is not based on personal knowledge of the Complainant. The Complaint does not meet even these most elemental requirements, and thus should be dismissed.

Ewn If The Complaint Merits Fainther Sevien, These Is No Books In Seat To Support The Complaint Against Mr. Thompson

The Complaint states that "suddenly and collectively on December 23 and 31, 2008 all of these contributors maxed out to the RNC...." In the first instance, the Complainant ignores the obvious explanation for why contributors might "max out" in December 2009: December is the end of the annual contribution limit period. In light of the year end, the "timing" allegations prove nothing. Mr. Thompson has a long direct hittery. The Complaint direct no evidence that Mr. Thompson's contribution was made "suddenly and collectively."

Mer. Thempage, a negeti itespeciated in the Complaint, states in a severe affiliavit that his contribution was "not careacted in any way," that his contribution "was not made with conditions or contingencies," and that he did not "have any control over [his] contribution once it was made to the Republican National Committee nor did [he] expect to have any such control." See attached affidavit of Mr. Thompson.

In addition, Mr. Thompson states that "prior to making my contribution to the Republican National Committee, I mover spoke with anyone from the Republican National Committee about my contribution." Mr. Thompson did not mide an unknowful or encousive contribution and was otherwise invalidad in any columnstate.

The Complaint does not allege or scattain any information indicating that lair. Thempune retained cantrol over the funds after he made the contribution to the RNC. In fact, Mr. Thempson's attached affidavit demonstrates that he expressly relinquished control. Thempson.

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such "contributions could only be aggregated, and thus considered excessive," if Mr. Thompson had "actual knowledge" that the RNC would use his respective contributions together with others to contribute to the MRP. See MUR 5968 (John Shadegg's Friends, November 10, 2008, Factual and Legal Analysis at p. 5.)

However, the Compliaint also does not contain any allegation, let alone evidence, that the named donors (including Mr. Thompson) ever had any knowledge of an alleged "illegal scheme." In the absence of such actual injustingly, the Commission has previously determined that it cannot find that the donors made expansive containment. Say InUR 5968 (links Shedegg's Friends).

The Complaint does not contain any evidence of any contribution, transfer, or other activity that is prohibited under federal campaign finance laws. "When a complaint cites activity which does not constitute a violation of the FECA, the Commission may find no reason to believe." Statement of Reasons of Commissioners McDonald, Misson, Sandstrom, Smith, Thomas, and Wold in MUR 5126 (Hillary Rodham Clinton) (May 25, 2001).

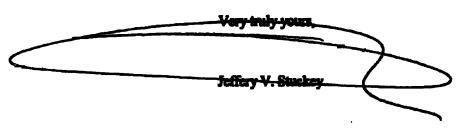
In sum, the Complaint counties "acconverses suppositions" and "mesworn statements" and it is completely bereft of any supposited allegations that Nr. Thompson violated any provision of the FECA.

Conclusion

The Complaint fails to meet the minimum standard for an RTB finding. In addition, the facts alleged in the Complaint do not support a claim for a violation of the FECA and, in any event, are fully rebutted by the sworn affidavit of Mr. Thompson.

Mr. Thompson respectfully requests that the Complaint be distaissed summarily and promptly.

If you have any additional questions, or if you require additional information, please feel free to contact me.



JVS/mds Attachment

cc: Mr. Robert Thompson
Peter H. Ellsworth, Esq.

Counselors At Law